# PH425 Spins Homework 2 

Due 1/15/16@4pm

## PRACTICE:

## 1. Quiz

A beam of spin- $\frac{1}{2}$ particles is prepared in the state:

$$
|\psi\rangle=\frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}|+\rangle+i \frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}|-\rangle
$$

(a) What are the possible results of a measurement of the spin component $S_{z}$, and with what probabilities would they occur?

## REQUIRED:

2. A beam of spin- $\frac{1}{2}$ particles is prepared in the state:

$$
|\psi\rangle=\frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}|+\rangle+i \frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}|-\rangle
$$

(a) What are the possible results of a measurement of the spin component $S_{z}$, and with what probabilities would they occur?
(b) What are the possible results of a measurement of the spin component $S_{x}$, and with what probabilities would they occur?
(c) Plot histograms of the predicted measurement results from parts (a) and (c).
3. Consider the three quantum states:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\left|\psi_{1}\right\rangle & =\frac{4}{5}|+\rangle+i \frac{3}{5}|-\rangle \\
\left|\psi_{2}\right\rangle & =\frac{4}{5}|+\rangle-i \frac{3}{5}|-\rangle \\
\left|\psi_{3}\right\rangle & =-\frac{4}{5}|+\rangle+i \frac{3}{5}|-\rangle
\end{aligned}
$$

(a) For each of the $\left|\psi_{i}\right\rangle$ above, calculate the probabilities of spin component measurements along the $x, y$, and $z$-axes.
(b) Use your results from $(a)$ to comment on the importance of the overall phase and of the relative phases of the quantum state vector.
4. Using the Spins simulation, choose the Spin-1 case under the Design menu. Set up an experiment for two successive meaurements of spin projections.
(a) Measure the probability that a state which starts out with $z$-component of spin equal to $\hbar$ ends up with $z$-component of spin equal to $\hbar$ after the $z$-component of spin is measured. Write your statement in bra-ket language.
(b) Measure the probability that a state which starts out with $z$-component of spin equal to $\hbar$ ends up with $z$-component of spin equal to zero after the $z$-component of spin is measured. Write your statement in bra-ket language. What does this probability tell you about the $z$ basis?
(c) Measure the probability that a state which starts out with $x$-component of spin equal to zero ends up with $z$-component of spin equal to zero after the $z$-component of spin is measured. Write your statement in bra-ket language. What does this probability tell you about the $x$ and $z$ bases?
(d) Use your simulation to find the value of $\left|\langle 1 \mid-1\rangle_{x}\right|^{2}$. State in words what the measured quantity represents. Compare your "measured" value to a theoretical value computed from the Spin Reference Sheet.
5. Consider a quantum system described by an orthonormal basis $\left|a_{1}\right\rangle,\left|a_{2}\right\rangle$, and $\left|a_{3}\right\rangle$. The system is initially in a state:

$$
\left|\psi_{\text {in }}\right\rangle=\frac{i}{\sqrt{3}}\left|a_{1}\right\rangle+\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\left|a_{2}\right\rangle
$$

Find the probability that the system is measured to be in the final state:

$$
\left|\psi_{\text {out }}\right\rangle=\frac{1+i}{\sqrt{3}}\left|a_{1}\right\rangle+\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\left|a_{2}\right\rangle+\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\left|a_{3}\right\rangle
$$

