National Semiconductor

# DM74LS123 Dual Retriggerable One-Shot with Clear and Complementary Outputs

### **General Description**

The DM74LS123 is a dual retriggerable monostable multivibrator capable of generating output pulses from a few nanoseconds to extremely long duration up to 100% duty cycle. Each device has three inputs permitting the choice of either leading edge or trailing edge triggering. Pin (A) is an active-low transition trigger input and pin (B) is an active-high transition trigger input. The clear (CLR) input terminates the output pulse at a predetermined time independent of the timing components. The clear input also serves as a trigger input when it is pulsed with a low level pulse transition ( $\Box$ ). To obtain the best trouble free operation from this device please read the operating rules as well as the NSC one-shot application notes carefully and observe recommendations.

#### Features

- DC triggered from active-high transition or active-low transition inputs
- Retriggerable to 100% duty cycle

# **Connection Diagram**

Compensated for V<sub>CC</sub> and temperature variations

- Triggerable from CLEAR input
- DTL, TTL compatible
- Input clamp diodes

#### **Functional Description**

The basic output pulse width is determined by selection of an external resistor ( $R_X$ ) and capacitor ( $C_X$ ). Once triggered, the basic pulse width may be extended by retriggering the gated active-low transition or active-high transition inputs or be reduced by use of the active-low or CLEAR input. Retriggering to 100% duty cycle is possible by application of an input pulse train whose cycle time is shorter than the output cycle time such that a continuous "HIGH" logic state is maintained at the "Q" output.

**Dual-In-Line Package** REXT/ CEXT CEXT Vcc 01 <u>ō</u>2 CLR 2 **B**2 Δ2 11 10 16 15 14 13 12 CLR a ā ō Q CLR 3 5 6 7 2 4 8 CEXT REXT/ CLR ō١ A1 B1 Q2 GND CEXT TL/F/6386-1 Order Number DM74LS123M or DM74LS123N See NS Package Number M16A or N16E

# Function Table

	Inputs	Outputs		
CLEAR	A	В	Q	Q
L	x	x	L	Н
x	н	Х	L	н
x	X	L	L	Н
н	L	1	л	T
н	↓	н	л	T
↑	L	н	л	٦г

H = High Logic Level

L = Low Logic Level

X = Can Be Either Low or High

 $\uparrow$  = Positive Going Transition

 $\downarrow$  = Negative Going Transition

- □□ = A Positive Pulse
- □\_ = A Negative Pulse

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage	7V
Input Voltage	7V
Operating Free Air Temperature Range	$0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C

Note: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the "Electrical Characteristics" table are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Nom	Max	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage		4.75	5	5.25	V
VIH	High Level Input Voltage		2			V
VIL	Low Level Input Voltage				0.8	V
IOH	High Level Output Current				-0.4	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Current				8	mA
tw	Pulse Width (Note 6)	A or B High	40			ns
		A or B Low	40			
		Clear Low	40			
R <sub>EXT</sub>	External Timing Resistor		5		260	kΩ
C <sub>EXT</sub>	External Timing Capacitance			No Restriction		μF
C <sub>WIRE</sub>	Wiring Capacitance at R <sub>EXT</sub> /C <sub>EXT</sub> Terminal				50	pF
T <sub>A</sub>	Free Air Operating Temperature		0		70	°C

## Electrical Characteristics over recommended operating free air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ (Note 1)	Max	Units	
VI	Input Clamp Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min$ , $I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$			-1.5	V	
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = Max$ $V_{IL} = Max, V_{IH} = Min$	2.7	3.4		V	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Voltage	$\begin{array}{l} V_{CC} = \text{Min, I}_{OL} = \text{Max} \\ V_{IL} = \text{Max, V}_{IH} = \text{Min} \end{array}$		0.35	0.5	V	
		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = \text{Min}$		0.25	0.4		
łį	Input Current @ Max Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = Max, V_I = 7V$			0.1	mA	
I <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Current	$V_{CC} = Max, V_I = 2.7V$			20	μΑ	
IIL	Low Level Input Current	$V_{CC} = Max, V_I = 0.4V$			-0.4	mA	
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short Circuit Output Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max (Note 2)	-20		-100	mA	
Icc	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = Max$ (Notes 3,4 and 5)		12	20	mA	

Note 1: All typicals are at  $V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

Note 2: Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and the duration should not exceed one second.

Note 3: Quiescent I<sub>CC</sub> is measured (after clearing) with 2.4V applied to all clear and A inputs, B inputs grounded, all outputs open,  $C_{EXT} = 0.02 \ \mu$ F, and  $R_{EXT} = 25 \ k\Omega$ .

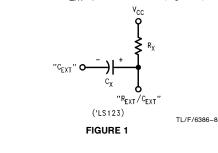
Note 4:  $I_{CC}$  is measured in the triggered state with 2.4V applied to all clear and B inputs, A inputs grounded, all outputs open,  $C_{EXT} = 0.02 \ \mu$ F, and  $R_{EXT} = 25 \ k\Omega$ . Note 5: With all outputs open and 4.5V applied to all data and clear inputs,  $I_{CC}$  is measured after a momentary ground, then 4.5V is applied to the clock. Note 6:  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  and  $V_{CC} = 5V$ .

Switching Characteristics at $V_{CC} = 5V$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$							
		From (Input) To (Output)	$R_L = 2 k\Omega$				
Symbol	Parameters		$f C_L=15pF$ $f C_{EXT}=0pF, R_{EXT}=5k\Omega$		$\label{eq:CL} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{C}_{\textbf{L}} = \textbf{15pF} \\ \textbf{C}_{\textbf{EXT}} = \textbf{1000 pF}, \textbf{R}_{\textbf{EXT}} = \textbf{10 K} \Omega \end{array}$		Units
			Min	Мах	Min	Мах	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay Time Low to High Level Output	A to Q		33			ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay Time Low to High Level Output	B to Q		44			ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Time High to Low Level Output	A to $\overline{Q}$		45			ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Time High to Low Level Output	B to $\overline{Q}$		56			ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay Time Low to High Level Output	Clear to $\overline{Q}$		45			ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Time High to Low Level Output	Clear to Q		27			ns
t <sub>WQ(Min)</sub>	Minimum Width of Pulse at Output Q	A or B to Q		200			ns
t <sub>W(out)</sub>	Output Pulse Width	A or B to Q			4	5	μs

## **Operating Rules**

- 1. An external resistor (R<sub>X</sub>) and an external capacitor (C<sub>X</sub>) are required for proper operation. The value of C<sub>X</sub> may vary from 0 to any necessary value. For small time constants high-grade mica, glass, polypropylene, polycarbonate, or polystyrene material capacitors may be used. For large time constants use tantalum or special aluminum capacitors. If the timing capacitors have leakages approaching 100 nA or if stray capacitance from either terminal to ground is greater than 50 pF the timing equations may not represent the pulse width the device generates.
- 2. When an electrolytic capacitor is used for  $C_X$  a switching diode is often required for standard TTL one-shots to prevent high inverse leakage current. This switching diode is not needed for the 'LS123 one-shot and should not be used. In general the use of the switching diode is not recommended with retriggerable operation.

Furthermore, if a polarized timing capacitor is used on the 'LS123 the negative terminal of the capacitor should be connected to the " $C_{EXT}$ " pin of the device (*Figure 1*).

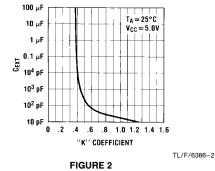


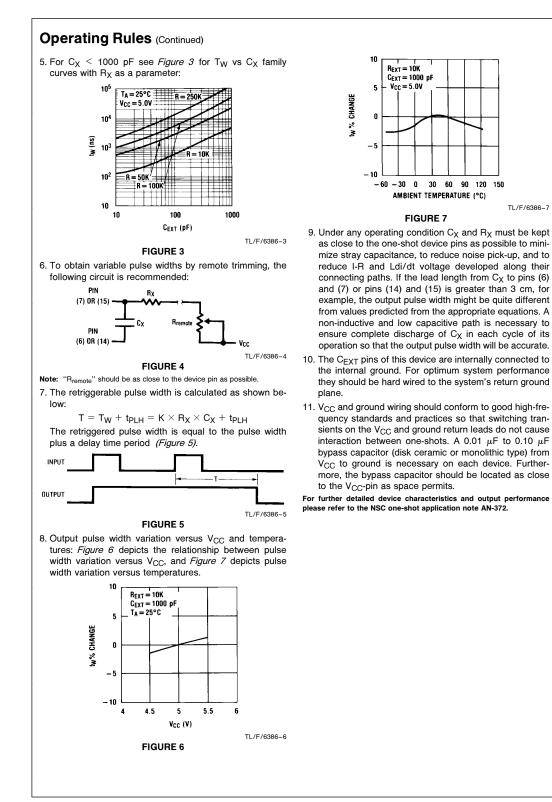
3. For  $C_X >>$  1000 pF the output pulse width (T\_W) is defined as follows:

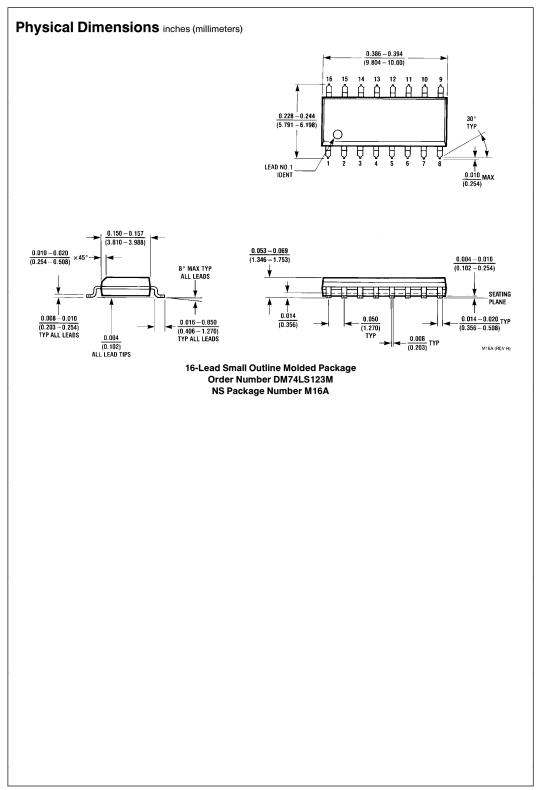
$T_W = KR_X C_X$
here $[R_X \text{ is in } k\Omega]$
[C <sub>X</sub> is in pF]
[T <sub>W</sub> is in ns]
$K \approx 0.37$

w

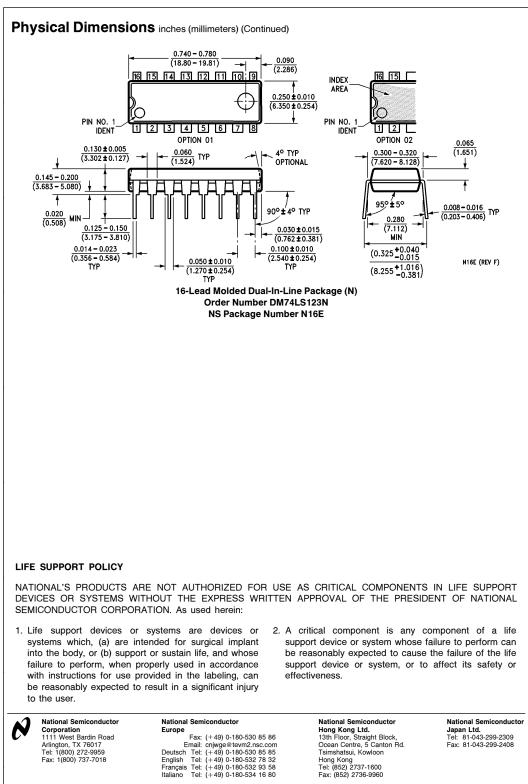
4. The multiplicative factor K is plotted as a function of  $C_{\mbox{\scriptsize X}}$  below for design considerations:











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