## CHARGE OF THE EARTH

LCL Problem 3-7 The earth's electric charge
The electric field strength in the atmosphere near the surface of the earth is about 100 volts/meter and points downward. The potential increases with increasing height, up to about $300 \mathrm{kV}=300000$ volts. This field is maintained by thunderstorms, which deposit negative charge on the earth at the rate of about $10^{3}$ amperes.

Calculate the electric charge carried by the earth.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& E(R)=\frac{Q}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0} R^{2}} \approx 100 \mathrm{volt} / \mathrm{meter} \\
& R=\text { earth radius } \approx 4000 \mathrm{mi} \approx 6400 \mathrm{~km}=6.4 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~m} \\
& \frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}}=9.0 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{F} \\
& \begin{aligned}
Q & =4 \pi \varepsilon_{0} R^{2} E=\frac{\left(6.4 \times 10^{6} \mathrm{~m}\right)^{2} \times 10^{2} \mathrm{volt} / \mathrm{m}}{9.0 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{F}} \\
& \approx 4 \times 10^{5} \text { Coulomb }
\end{aligned}
\end{aligned}
$$

